#### A STUDY OF

# Section 54F(1)proviso(a)(ii) "vs" Section 54F(2)

#### OF

### **INCOME TAX ACT, 1961**

#### 54F(1)

- \* Sub-section (1) of Section 54F provides that in order to save capital gain tax on transfer of any -
  - \* long term capital asset, (original asset)
  - \* not being a residential house,
- \* if the assessee has -
  - \* within a period of one year before 'or'
  - \* within a period of two years after
- \* the date of on which the transfer took place 'or'
  - \* has within a period of three years after that date constructed
- \* a residential house (new asset),
- \* the capital gain shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of claUse (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 54F subject to proviso to the sub-section and read with the *Explanation* thereunder.

#### **Comments**

- \* Section 54F(1) provides *exemption* in respect of capital gain in the assessment year in which it arises, subject to fulfillment of conditions prescribed therein.
- \* One of the conditions for availing the exemption is to invest the amount of net consideration in the purchase of a residential house (new asset) within two year from the date of transfer of the original asset.
- \* This period of **two years** was **inserted** by the Finance Act, 1987 w.e.f 1.4.1988.
- \* **Before this insertion** the period for purchase of the new asset after the date of the transfer of the original asset was **one year**. The relevant expression as existed before the said insertion was as follows:-
  - " and the assessee has, within a period of **one year before or after** the date on which the transfer took place purchased.....,"
- \* It means that **up to AY 1987-88** the period for purchase a residential house (new asset) after the date of transfer of the original asset was **one year**, which was increased to **two years from AY 1988-89**, and which is so even up till now.

### 54F(1) Proviso

- \* Sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) of proviso to sub-section (1) of section 54F {Sec.54F(1) proviso (a)(ii)} provides that "nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall apply" i.e. the exemption of capital gain as mandated u/s 54F(1), which is to be allowed in the year of transfer of long term capital asset, shall not be allowed if -
  - \* the assessee purchases
  - \* any residential house,
  - \* other than the new asset,
  - \* within a period of one year
  - \* after the date of transfer of the original asset."

#### **Comments**

- \* Section 54F(1) mandates that in order to claim exemption of long term capital gain, the assessee has to invest the amount of net consideration in the purchase of a residential house within a period of one year before or **two years after the date of transfer of the original capital asset**.
- \* Sec. 54F(1) Proviso (a)(ii) mandates that the exemption as allowable u/s 54F(1) shall not be allowed if the assessee purchases any residential house, other than the new asset {purchased u/s 54F(1)}, within a period of **one year after the date of transfer of the original asset**.
- \* It simply means that if an assessee wants to claim exemption u/s 54F(1) in the return of the assessment year in which the original asset is transferred, then the assessee can not <u>purchase</u> any other residential house within one year of the date of transfer of the original asset.
- \* if the assessee does so and has not yet filed his return -
  - \* then he can not claim the exemption u/s 54F(1).
- \* if the assessee does so and has already filed his return and has claimed the exemption -
  - \* then the exemption claimed u/s 54F(1) shall be deemed to have been claimed wrongly and shall be liable to be withdrawn **in the same year** under the law, as under the circumstances no exemption as such was allowable because of breach of condition prescribed under the provios.

#### 54F(2)

- Sub-section (2) of Section 54F provides that -
- \* where the assessee purshases,
- \* within a period of two years
- \* after the date of transfer of the original asset
- \* any residential house
- \* other than the new asset {i.e. the residential house already purchased u/s 54F(1)} then -
- \* the amount of capital gain not charged u/s 45 and allowed as exemption u/s 54F(1)
- \* shall be deemed to be the income
- \* chargeable under the head "capital gain"
- \* relating to long term capital asset
- \* of the previous year
- \* in which **such** residential house is purchased.

### **Comments**

- \* Section 54F(1) provides *exemption* in respect of capital gain in the assessment year in which it arises, subject to fulfillment of conditions prescribed therein.
- \* Sec. 54F(1) Proviso (a)(ii) **disentitles exemption** in the assessment year in which it arises in case of breach of condition prescribed therein (as discussed above).
- \* Sec. 54F(2) provides that the exemption allowed u/s 54F(1) in any assessment year shall be **forfeited** and accordingly shall be taxed in the assessment year in which violation mentioned therein is made. The violation shall be if the assessee purchases another residential house {other than the new asset purchased u/s 54F(1)} within **two years** of the transfer of the original asset.

- \* This period of two years was substituted by the Finance Act, 1987 w.e.f 1.4.1988.
- \* **Before this substitution** the period for purchase of the new asset after the date of the transfer of the original asset was **one year**.
- \* It means that **up to AY 1987-88** the period for purchase a residential house *(new asset)* after the date of transfer of the original asset was **one year**, which was increased to **two years from AY 1988-89**, and which is so even up till now.

### **Conclusion**

- \* There is neither any inconsistency nor any contradiction between the provisions of -
  - \* Section 54F(1) proviso (a)(ii) purchase of another residential house within one year "and"
  - \* Section 54F(2) purchase of another residential house within two years.
- \* Both these provisions opeates in different fields. Earlier **disentitles the exemption u/s 54F(1)** in the year in which the long term capital arises, whereas the later **withdraws the exemption** earlier allowed u/s 54F(1).
- \* It may be noted that the period u/s 54F(2) was increased by the Finance Act, 1987 w.e.f AY 1988-89 because the period of investment u/s 54F(1) was also increased by the Finance Act, 1987 w.e.f AY 988-89.
- \* Therefore, the conclusion is, that, after making investment in a new residential house either by way of purchase within one year before or after the date of transfer of the original asset or by way of construction within one year from such date in order to fulfil the condition of section 54F(1), the the assessee purchases another residential house within one year, he shall not be entitled to claim the exemption u/s 54F(1) in the year when the capital gain has arised by virtue of the provisions of section 54F(1) proviso (a)(ii); and once such exemption is legitimately allowed and the assessee purchases another residential house within two years or constructs within three years from the date of transfer of the original asset, the exemption already allowed u/s 54F(1) shall be forfeited and accordingly shall be chargeable to tax as long term capital gain in the year in which such other residential house is acquired.

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